

2.146

2.146 A 2-ft-thick block constructed of wood ($SG = 0.6$) is submerged in oil ($SG = 0.8$), and has a 2-ft-thick aluminum (specific weight = 168 lb/ft^3) plate attached to the bottom as indicated in Fig. P2.146. Determine completely the force required to hold the block in the position shown. Locate the force with respect to point A.

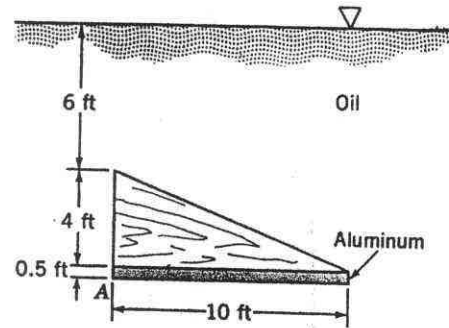


FIGURE P2.146

For equilibrium,

$$\sum F_{\text{vertical}} = 0$$

so that

$$F = W_w - F_{Bw} + W_a - F_{Ba}$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} W_w &= (SG_w)(\gamma_{H_2O}) V_w \\ &= (0.6)(62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3}) (\frac{1}{2})(10 \text{ ft} \times 4 \text{ ft} \times 2 \text{ ft}) = 1500 \text{ lb} \end{aligned}$$

$$W_a = (168 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3})(0.5 \text{ ft} \times 10 \text{ ft} \times 2 \text{ ft}) = 1680 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_{Bw} = (SG_{oil})(\gamma_{H_2O}) V_w = (0.8)(62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3}) (\frac{1}{2})(10 \text{ ft} \times 4 \text{ ft} \times 2 \text{ ft}) = 2000 \text{ lb}$$

$$F_{Ba} = (SG_{oil})(\gamma_{H_2O}) V_a = (0.8)(62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3})(0.5 \text{ ft} \times 10 \text{ ft} \times 2 \text{ ft}) = 499 \text{ lb}$$

Thus,

$$F = 1500 \text{ lb} - 2000 \text{ lb} + 1680 \text{ lb} - 499 \text{ lb} = \underline{\underline{681 \text{ lb upward}}}$$

Also,

$$\sum M_A = 0$$

so that

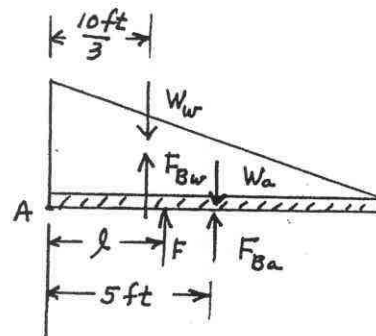
$$l F = (\frac{10}{3} \text{ ft})(W_w - F_{Bw}) + (5 \text{ ft})(W_a - F_{Ba})$$

or

$$l (681 \text{ lb}) = (\frac{10}{3} \text{ ft})(1500 \text{ lb} - 2000 \text{ lb}) + (5 \text{ ft})(1680 \text{ lb} - 499 \text{ lb})$$

and

$$\underline{\underline{l = 6.22 \text{ ft to right of point A}}}$$



$W \sim$ wood

$a \sim$ aluminum

$F \sim$ force to hold block