

C5.5 Does an automobile radio antenna vibrate in resonance due to vortex shedding? Consider an antenna of length L and diameter D . According to beam-vibration theory [e.g. Kelly [34], p. 401], the first mode natural frequency of a solid circular cantilever beam is $\omega_n = 3.516[EI/(\rho AL^4)]^{1/2}$, where E is the modulus of elasticity, I is the area moment of inertia, ρ is the beam material density, and A is the beam cross-section area. (a) Show that ω_n is proportional to the antenna radius R . (b) If the antenna is steel, with $L = 60$ cm and $D = 4$ mm, estimate the natural vibration frequency, in Hz. (c) Compare with the shedding frequency if the car moves at 65 mi/h.

Fig 2.13 : $A = \pi R^2$ $I = \pi R^4 / 4$

(a)
$$\omega_n = 3.516 \left[\frac{E \pi R^4 / 4}{\rho \pi R^2 L^4} \right]^{1/2} = 1.758 [E/\rho]^{1/2} \frac{R}{L^2}$$

(b) $L = 60$ cm $D = 4$ mm $E = 2.1 \times 10^{11}$ Pa $\rho = 7840$ kg/m³

$$\omega_n = 1.758 \left[\frac{2.1 \times 10^{11}}{7840} \right]^{1/2} \frac{0.002}{0.6^2}$$

$$= 51 \text{ rad/s} = 8 \text{ Hz}$$

(c) $U = 65$ mph = 29.1 m/s $\text{Re}_D = \frac{\rho U D}{\mu}$

Fig 5.25 $St = \frac{\omega D}{2\pi U} = .21 = \frac{1.2 (29.1) \cdot 0.004}{0.000018}$

$$= \frac{\omega (0.004)}{2\pi (29.1)} = .21 = 7850$$

$$\omega = 9600 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$= 1500 \text{ Hz} \gg \omega_n$$